

LOU PAYN KNOWS NEW YELLOW DOG MEN

RUSSIA SHAKEN BY REVOLT; WOMEN BATTLE IN MOSCOW

Slaughter Goes On in Ancient City, While Panic Reigns in Warsaw, Lodz, Kieff and Other Places and Empire Is Rising.

MOSCOW, Dec. 27, 3 P. M.—The cannonading continues and the list of casualties is swelling. The revolutionists are operating in three sections. There are about 1,000 of them in each section. They are all armed with revolvers and rifles. The women who are participating in the fighting are guilty of the worst cruelties.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 27.—While the Czar's high officials are boasting that the Moscow revolt will be crushed in four days, fighting and killing on the streets has been resumed here, Kharkoff has risen in rebellion, while the most alarming reports come from the provinces.

There are bloody conflicts in Kieff, wholesale arrests in Saratoff; martial law has been declared in Kremenitshch, while Kovno is in the hands of the Socialists.

Warsaw is in a state of siege, and troops and police have prepared for battle, while Lodz, filled up with strikers, is in panic, and people are fleeing from the city.

All through Eastern and Southern Russia and the Baltic districts the spirit of revolt is rampant, and news comes of risings at various points. Moscow is still the scene of slaughter, and the rebels, determined to block the reinforcement of troops there, have plotted to capture the Czar's officers as they approach the city.

Fifty, who accompanied Lieut.-Gen. Mitschenko from Manchuria, were taken prisoners near Moscow's gates, and the General had a narrow escape.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 27.—It is reported that the strikers this afternoon erected barricades in the vicinity of the Narva Gate, St. Petersburg. An inspired statement in the Slovo to-day says the Government expects the revolt at Moscow to be completely crushed within four days.

The duration of the rising is explained by the small number of troops available, many of whom necessarily were employed in guarding the Government buildings, leaving a comparatively small number available to cope with the insurgents over the wide area of the disturbance. Fresh troops have now arrived, and the end is said to be near.

Frightful Butchery. From an independent source, the Slovo declares, it has learned that the bloodshed at Moscow has been frightful and that the casualties will reach 15,000 and that about 100 Red Cross workers have been despatched from St. Petersburg to Moscow, to aid in caring for the wounded.

The paper also says it has learned that the arms of the revolutionists mostly came from Germany and Belgium, whence they were shipped to England, transhipped there and smuggled into Russia through Finland and the Baltic Provinces. Continuing, the Slovo remarks:

"When our plenipotentiary sought to prevent the sailing of these vessels through the consuls, the latter refused to act, as all the vessels flew foreign flags."

Rebels Not Beaten. The information of other papers is that while admitting that the revolutionists are showing signs of exhaustion, they do not regard the issue as decided. The Slovo (Rus), which appears to-day, fans the flame, holding out encouragement of the success of the revolt, declaring that the area of the fighting is increasing instead of diminishing, asserting that the insurgents are holding six miles of barricades, and adding:

"Even if the revolt falls now it will only be a temporary reverse, and it will be recommenced in January or February."

This also is the view of the revolutionary leaders here, who, however, have not yet given up hope of success. In any case they assert they are in the meantime keep the government engaged in suppressing continual uprisings from place to place, believing that each city and town should have its Septem of Blood as a preparation for the final upheaval.

Women in Battle.

The second army is armed especially with bombs and revolvers and is composed of a thousand persons, in whose ranks are many women, who display not only bravery but ferocity. This force is operating in the region between the Sudovia district and the Jewish market, has many barricades to prevent the passage of troops, is operating in small groups and is attacking patrols.

When pressed the revolutionists disappear into alleys and houses. Artillery, cavalry and infantry are used against this body. The third and largest "army" is operating in the region between the Brest railroad station and the triumphal gate.

It also has many barricades and is

OATH OF OFFICE IS ADMINISTERED TO M'CLELLAN

Gets His Certificate of Election and Is Promptly Sworn In.

MURPHY'S FRIEND STILL.

Denies that There Is Any Breach Between Them, Despite Stories to Contrary.

George B. McClellan was sworn in as Mayor of New York for a term of four years from Jan. 1 to-day. Just previous to taking the oath of office the Mayor announced in positive terms that he had had no trouble with Charles F. Murphy and did not expect to have any. The Mayor's certificate of election from the Election Commissioners reached him at his office in the City Hall at 11:02 o'clock. As soon as he could spare the time he walked across City Hall Park to the Court House to take the oath. He was accompanied by his secretary, John O'Brien, and Patrick McGowan, President-elect of the Board of Aldermen.

"They went to Justice Leventritt's court and Justice Leventritt administered the oath, first to the Mayor and then to Mr. McGowan. At the same time Nicholas J. Hayes was taking the oath as Sheriff before Justice Truax.

Surprise at His Denial. Mayor McClellan's denial that he has had any trouble with Murphy occasioned considerable surprise in political circles. It was known that the Mayor had just finished a searching investigation of the City Chamberlain's office with the idea of finding if banks holding Murphy's notes, signed for the New York, Trucking and Contracting Company, were unduly favored in the matter of city deposits.

"If it is true," he was asked, "that the disclosures made in the course of this investigation have emphasized the breach between you and Mr. Murphy?" "There is no breach," was his emphatic answer.

"So Mr. Murphy says, but not so convincingly as to do away with the idea generally held," was suggested. "What shall I say to be convincing? Shall I say not by a blankety-blank sight, or words to that effect?" laughed the Mayor.

No Breach at All. "No," said he, "there is no breach, and as Mr. Murphy has said, there could hardly be a breach between us. The investigation I have been making of the City Chamberlain's office has had nothing to do with Mr. Murphy's testimony before the Gas Investigating Committee. I had nothing to do with that, but I was informed that certain rumors had been shown to nine banks in order that Mr. Murphy might be enabled to borrow money for the company in which he is said to be interested.

"My investigation has been thorough, and it entirely exonerates the City Chamberlain from the charge of favoritism—none whatever."

"This afternoon Mayor McClellan admitted that an arrangement had been made for a conference with Mr. Murphy between now and Saturday, and said that the announcement of appointments will be deferred.

"I shall not be able to announce the list of my appointments until the last of the week," said the Mayor.

"Will you see Mr. Murphy before then?" he was asked.

"I shall see him," the Mayor answered.

"Will the state be satisfactory to the organization?" he was asked.

"I see no reason why it should not be satisfactory."

An early caller on Mayor McClellan today was former District Attorney Eugene A. Philbin. His visit was immediately seized upon by those who are figuring out the Mayor's conduct in advance as an indication that he had been summoned to be offered one of the Commissionerships upon which the Mayor has not decided.

Mr. Philbin has grown to be a close friend of the Mayor since the last election and it was held that he could have almost any place at Mr. McClellan's disposal. The Mayor depends upon his advice in important matters, and should not take a place in the cabinet which would place him in a position of being a mere figurehead.

It is believed that Mr. Philbin is favorably disposed toward James Martin, one of those mentioned for the Police Commissionership.

Paine for Keenan's Job. From an excellent source of information it was learned to-day that Mayor McClellan would appoint William E. Paine as City Chamberlain in the place of the present incumbent, Patrick H. Keenan. Mr. Paine is President of the Yellow Pine Lumber Company, one of the largest concerns of its kind in the country and has never held political office. He was one of the men considered for the nomination for President of the Board of Aldermen before Patrick H. Keenan was finally chosen. Mr. Paine, although he has not personally solicited the office, has the endorsement of practically all the prominent bank presidents in the city. He is connected with a number of prominent Catholic charitable institutions.

Not Browned Off—Governor Evans, Ala., the ideal lobbyist, never

ELSIE SMITH, ALBANY BEAUTY, TO WHOM POISONED CANDY WAS SENT.

Photographed in her Costume as "Queen Titania" of the Albany Carnival.



RIVAL TRIED TO POISON THE PRETTIEST GIRL IN ALBANY

Jealousy Prompted Sending of Paris-Green Laden Candy to Elsie Smith, Queen of the Carnival of 1904.

(Special to The Evening World.) ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 27.—Detectives at work to establish the identity of the person who sent a box of poisoned candy to Elsie Smith, aged nineteen, the prettiest girl in Albany, say all clues lead to a woman, and that the motive was jealousy.

It was learned to-day that since the engagement of Miss Smith to Clayton McKinley was announced last May, Miss Smith has received more than thirty anonymous letters threatening her with bodily harm and even death. The letters were all in the same handwriting, which corresponds with that of the address on the box and in a note the box contained.

Miss Smith was the "Queen Titania" of the Halloween Carnival of 1904. The girl chosen for this honor is by common consent considered the prettiest girl in the city, and the selection of Miss Smith aroused considerable jealousy among others who had sought the honor. It is the belief of the detectives

that one of these girls was further inflamed to jealousy by Miss Smith's engagement to young McKinley, who is a popular young man of this city, employed in the local offices of the New York Central.

The sender of the poisoned candy took a chance of killing others in the Smith family than Miss Elsie, who was not at home when it was delivered. Only the vigilance of Mrs. Smith, through the mail, and a chemist who has examined the candy, saved another of her daughters from eating of the poisoned sweetmeats.

The box was received by Miss Smith through the mail, and a chemist who has examined the candy, declares that there was enough poison in the sweets to have killed a dozen persons.

The box was taken to the Smith home by a younger sister of Miss Smith. The box was opened later and found to contain chocolates. The little sister took one of the sweets and bit into it. Then it was that Mrs. Smith, the mother, asked who had sent the box. She was told that it was an anonymous gift. The mother became suspicious at once.

LATE RESULTS AT FAIR GROUNDS.

Fifth—Columbia Girl 6-5, Hyacinth 1-1 place Arsenal. Sixth—Col. White 1-2, Wedgewood 5-2 place, Henry O.

Sixth—Happy Jack 7-10, Grossgrain 3-1 pl., Delcarina.

AT CITY PARK.

KNOCKED DOWN BY HORSE. While playing in front of his home, at No. 580 Courtlandt avenue, the Bronx, this afternoon Louis Weisrub, nine years old, ran in front of the carriage of Dr. William A. Boyd, of No. 346 Willis avenue. He was knocked down and badly cut about the head and body.

BOURKE COCKRAN GOES WEST. Bourke Cockran, who has been ill for several days, left for California this afternoon. He is threatened with serious pulmonary trouble.

FAVORITE WON FEATURE AT FAIR GROUNDS

Calabash Made All the Running and Beat Snow Easily.

ADALETTA AT CITY PARK

Beats Out Big Bow in Third Race—Chanley First Over Jumps.

(Special to The Evening World.) FAIR GROUNDS, NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 27.—The card here to-day was above the average as far as class is concerned and some good racing was looked for. The fourth race for two-year-olds served as a feature, although the fields in every event were well matched.

FIRST RACE—Selling; six furlongs.

Starters, weights and jockeys. Betting. Str. Pl.

Verne, 105, Sewell, 12 1/2. Calabash, 105, Perkins, 12 1/2. Arabo, 105, M. Murphy, 12 1/2. City American, 105, McGee, 12 1/2. Partridge, 105, Freeman, 12 1/2. Nightmares, 105, Johnson, 12 1/2. Charlie Peter, 105, Hayes, 12 1/2. T. mpt, 105, Behrens, 12 1/2. Penant, 105, Schilling, 12 1/2. Sweet Nole, 105, Cherry, 12 1/2. Pennant, 105, Moreland, 12 1/2. Finesse Line, 105, Stader, 12 1/2. Supply, 105, Chandler, 12 1/2.

Verne went to the front at the start, made all the running and won by a head from Schilling, who closed strong and beat Arabo a length for the place.

SECOND RACE—Five and a half furlongs.

Starters, weights and jockeys. Betting. Str. Pl.

Stoner Hill, 102, Sewell, 12 1/2. Dr. Heard, 102, Smith, 12 1/2. Devlin, 102, L. Sewell, 12 1/2. Oberon, 102, Foley, 12 1/2. Dr. Coffey, 102, Chandler, 12 1/2. Beechwood, 102, Mander, 12 1/2. House Focus, 102, Bell, 12 1/2. Turnover, 102, P. Freeman, 12 1/2. Blue Pirate, 102, Cherry, 12 1/2. Grove Circle, 102, McDermott, 12 1/2. Towens, 102, O'Neill, 12 1/2.

Time, 1:09.

Stoner Hill went to the front, made all the running and won easily by two lengths from Dr. Heard. Devlin, the favorite, closed strong and was third, half a length away.

THIRD RACE—One mile.

Starters, weights and jockeys. Betting. Str. Pl.

Horro Radish, 105, Perkins, 12 1/2. Turchello, 104, Purine, 12 1/2. Wilwood, 112, McLoughlin, 12 1/2. Elsie's Pride, 105, Schilling, 12 1/2. Fruit, 104, McGee, 12 1/2. Mirbles, 103, P. Freeman, 12 1/2. Lucky Charm, 104, Crimmins, 12 1/2. Louis Kraft, 105, Falcet, 12 1/2. Bandoli, 105, Kevan, 12 1/2. North Wind, 112, Tooman, 12 1/2.

Won by Horro Radish; Turchello was second and Kevan third. Time, 1:44.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs.

Starters, weights and jockeys. Betting. Str. Pl.

Calabash, 110, McGee, 12 1/2. Ruby, 104, L. Sewell, 12 1/2. Ruby, 104, L. Sewell, 12 1/2. James Redick, 114, Chandler, 12 1/2.

Calabash made all the running and won easily by two lengths from Ruby, who closed strong and was second, and just beat Ruby for the place.

CITY PARK RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs.

Starters, weights and jockeys. Betting. Str. Pl.

Kingsmere, 115, Nimmer, 10 1/2. Self Reliant, 115, Landry, 10 1/2. Red Ruby, 112, Froiler, 10 1/2. Wilwood, 112, McLoughlin, 10 1/2. Happy Dumpty, 112, Powers, 10 1/2. Uncle James, 112, W. Allen, 10 1/2. Tony Chico, 112, Whistler, 10 1/2. Number Eleven, 112, Pierat, 10 1/2. Hawthorne, 112, Wilson, 10 1/2. Wadsworth, 112, Romanelli, 10 1/2. Meredith, 115, Dawson, 10 1/2. Champ, 112, Chanley, 10 1/2.

The field ran closely bunched to the stretch, where Kingsmere came away and won cleverly by a length from Wilwood, who was second, and Red Ruby a length for the place. Time, 1:10 1/2.

SECOND RACE—Selling; five and a half furlongs.

Starters, weights and jockeys. Betting. Str. Pl.

Duchess Oille, 114, Diggle, 10 1/2. Catline, 117, Young, 10 1/2. J. Ed Grillo, 119, D. Boland, 10 1/2. Adair, 114, Nimmer, 10 1/2. Chertwell, 114, Oberon, 10 1/2. Queen Esther, 109, W. Allen, 10 1/2. Sarcotto, 112, C. Morris, 10 1/2. Lord Radnor, 109, D. Boland, 10 1/2. Poser, 114, Ashworth, 10 1/2. Lyman Hay, 110, E. Morris, 10 1/2. Bevenhurst, 119, D. Boland, 10 1/2.

Duchess Oille made all the running and won by a neck from Capitano, who beat J. Ed Grillo for the place. Time, 1:13 1/4.

THIRD RACE—Selling; seven furlongs.

Starters, weights and jockeys. Betting. Str. Pl.

PAYN DENIES THAT HE GOT BRIBE FROM MUTUAL RESERVE

Former Insurance Superintendent Declares He Didn't Think It Worth While Paying Attention to Charges.

Lou Payn, whom Theodore Roosevelt put out of the State Superintendentcy in February, 1900, was this afternoon put on the rack of the Legislative Insurance Committee.

Sleek-looking and suave, Lou settled back in the witnesses' chair and solemnly avowed that nobody who had, to his knowledge, any affiliations with any insurance company could have received any consideration from him so far as an appointment in the department was concerned.

Mr. Hughes wanted to know how John Cunningham, formerly coachman for "Andy" Fields, the Mutual Life "yellow dog" handler, got into the department. Lou said he found Cunningham in office when he became superintendent, that he didn't know then what Cunningham's affiliations were, and that he didn't know now.

As a reason for appointing seven "confidential" examiners, Lou testified that an increased number of examiners had to be made. But a moment later the veteran politician had to admit that in 1897 only two companies had been examined—the Provident Savings and the American Union.

Never Heard of Provident. Lou couldn't recall the Provident Savings; said he had never heard of it.

"You know," Mr. Hughes, added, "Payn, 'that's eight years ago, and I am a pretty busy man—busy night and day. Always got something to do.'"

Q. How did you come to examine the Mutual Reserve in 1897? A. Oh, there had been reports of crooked work on their part.

Q. How did you come to examine the Mutual Life that year? A. Mr. McCurdy asked me to do it. He was afraid. There were some commissioners from two States.

Q. What do you mean by being afraid? A. Oh, these large corporations are cowardly. They are afraid of strikers, of strike legislation, of hold-ups.

At the time Payn referred to there were eight out-of-State insurance commissioners in New York clamoring to get at the Mutual Life. Lou said he believed he had been called upon because he had the most genuine authority in this jurisdiction. The other commissioners were given a chance to "examine," but Lou was supreme.

Payn confessed that when he entered the insurance department he took it for granted that the system in vogue was all right, and so he continued it.

Q. You knew Andrew C. Fields? A. Oh yes. But I have no acquaintance with him. Know him just as I know half a dozen other men.

Just General Knowledge. Lou said also that he knew that the insurance companies maintained legislative bureaus. He assumed that "Amory and Fields" attended to that sort of business for the Mutual Life. Not until last spring did he hear that there was a House of Mirch at Albany.

Q. Did you know Andrew Hamilton? A. Oh, very well. I have had a speaking acquaintance with him for years.

Q. What do you know of or did you know about his work? A. I made a pretty good guess of what he was doing. First you would see him here, and then again you would hear of him there. He was all over, once in Texas, and next time in Kansas. It was not hard to guess.

Publicity, added Lou, wouldn't stop grafting in the insurance business any more than it would do it in other departments of human endeavor controlled by corporate interests.

Passing on, Payn declared his willingness to co-operate with the committee when it got down to drafting legislation. He was of the opinion that he had no under nails to tell you about the legislative activity of theirs? A. No.

Q. But you think it would have been

(Continued on Second Page, First Col.)

BARON HELD FOR TRIAL

Countess Klinsky-Palmy Says He Got Money by False Pretence.

The Countess Ika Klinsky-Palmy, actress, now at the Irving Place Theatre, in Yorkville Court, to-day held Baron Fred Jordan, who has been held for trial charged with grand larceny.

The examination in the case has been on several days. The Countess charged the Baron with failing to return \$2,000 which, she alleged, she had given him to pay for an automobile.